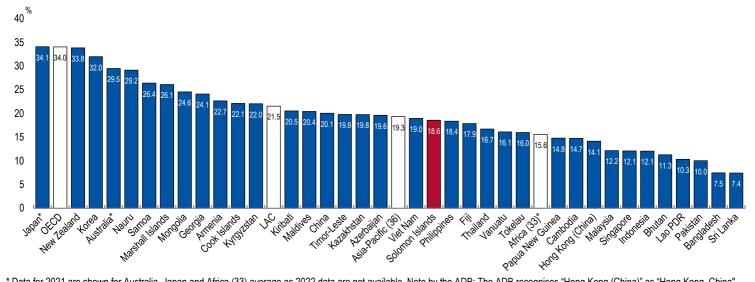


Revenue Statistics in Asia and the Pacific 2024 — The Solomon Islands

Tax-to-GDP ratio

Tax-to-GDP ratio compared to other Asian and Pacific economies and regional averages, 2022

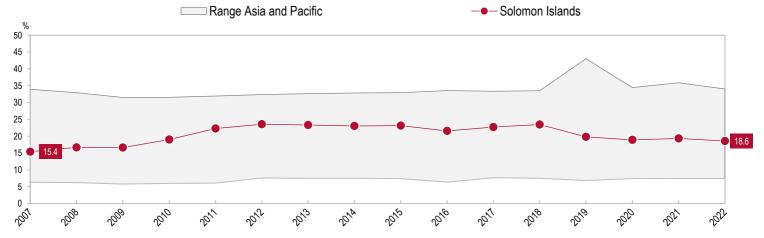
The Solomon Islands' tax-to-GDP ratio was 18.6% in 2022, below the Asia and Pacific (36) average of 19.3% by 0.8 percentage points. It was also below the OECD average (34.0%) by 15.5 percentage points.



^{*} Data for 2021 are shown for Australia, Japan and Africa (33) average as 2022 data are not available. Note by the ADB: The ADB recognises "Hong Kong (China)" as "Hong Kong, China" and "Kyrgyzstan" as "Kyrgyz Republic". LAC refers to the average for Latin America and the Caribbean.

Tax-to-GDP ratio over time

The tax-to-GDP ratio in the Solomon Islands decreased by 0.7 percentage points from 19.3% in 2021 to 18.6% in 2022. From 2007 to 2022, the tax-to-GDP ratio in the Solomon Islands increased by 3.2 percentage points from 15.4% to 18.6%. The highest tax-to-GDP ratio in this period was 23.5% in 2012 and 2018, and the lowest 15.4% in 2007.



In the OECD classification the term "taxes" is confined to compulsory unrequited payments to general government. Taxes are unrequited in the sense that benefits provided by government to taxpayers are not normally in proportion to their payments.

http://www.oecd.org/tax/tax-policy/oecd-classification-taxes-interpretative-guide.pdf

Regional averages (OECD, LAC, Africa (33)) refer to the 2024 edition of Revenue Statistics in Latin America and the Caribbean, and to the 2023 editions of Revenue Statistics (OECD), and Revenue Statistics in Africa.

oe.cd/global-rev-stats-database









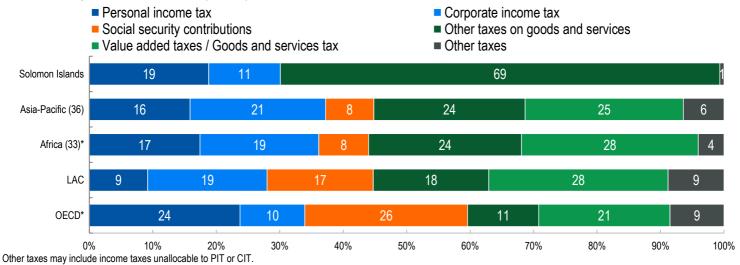


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Tax structures

Tax structure compared to the regional averages

Tax structure refers to the share of each tax in total tax revenues. The highest share of tax revenues in the Solomon Islands in 2022 was derived from other taxes on goods and services (69.3%). The second-highest share of tax revenues in 2022 was derived from personal income tax (18.8%).



* Data for 2021 are used for the Africa (33) average and OECD average as 2022 data are not available.

Summary of the tax structure in the Solomon Island	Tax revenues in local currency			Tax structure in the Solomon Islands		
	Solomon Islands Dollar, Millions		% of GDP			
	2021	2022	Δ	2021	2022	Δ
Taxes on income, profits and capital gains	714	714	0	5.8	5.6	- 0.2
of which						
Personal income, profits and gains	412	446	+ 34	3.4	3.5	+ 0.1
Corporate income and gains	302	268	- 34	2.5	2.1	- 0.4
Social security contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Taxes on goods and services	1 636	1 642	+ 6	13.4	12.9	- 0.5
of which						
Value added taxes / Goods and services tax	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Taxes on specific goods and services	859	821	- 38	7.0	6.4	- 0.6
of which						
Excises	202	247	+ 45	1.7	1.9	+ 0.2
Customs and import duties	273	248	- 24	2.2	1.9	- 0.3
Other taxes	11	15	+ 4	0.1	0.1	0.0
TOTAL	2 361	2 371	+ 10	19.3	18.6	- 0.7

Tax revenue includes net receipts for all levels of government; figures in the table may not sum to the total indicated due to rounding.

In this country note, "other taxes" is calculated as total tax minus taxes on income, profits and capital gains, social security contributions and taxes on goods and services. It includes taxes on payroll and workforce, taxes on property and other taxes (as defined in the OECD Interpretative Guide).

For further information, please see: oe.cd/revenue-statistics-in-asia-and-pacific











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